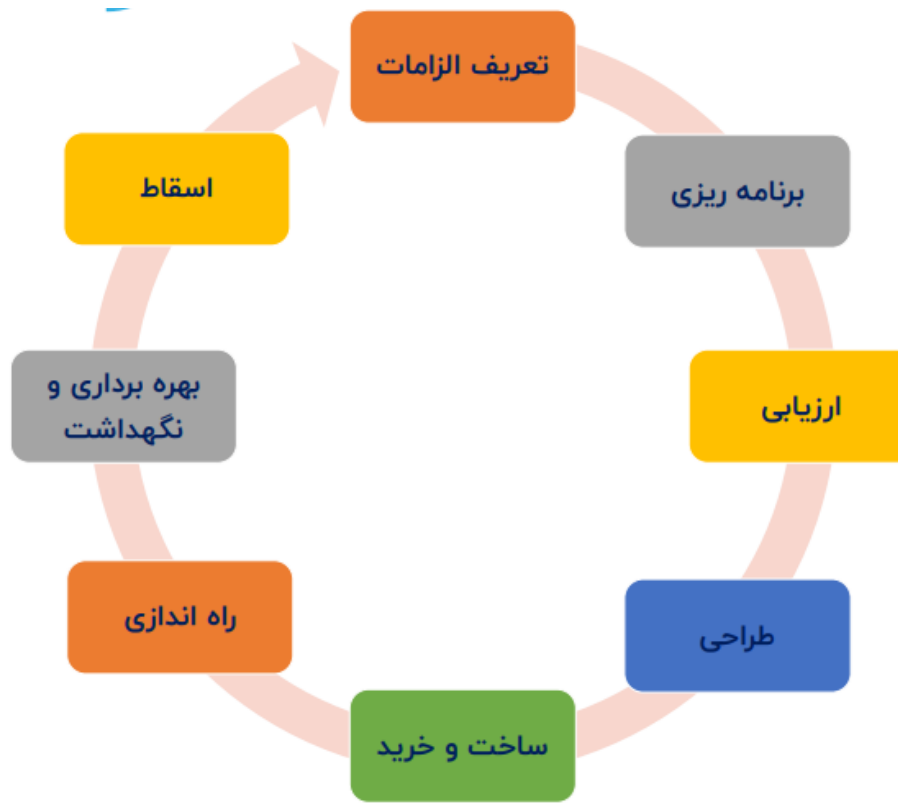


رویکردهای تعیین زمان بازرسی در صنعت نفت، گاز و پتروشیمی

سیده لاله حسینیان، مهدی شارسان،
امید میلانی فرد، رضا آزادگان

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چرخه عمر مدیریت دارایی‌های فیزیکی



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هزینه‌های مستقیم نگهداشت به کل هزینه بهره‌برداری

| درصد هزینه‌های مستقیم نگهداشت به کل هزینه بهره‌برداری | حوزه صنعت |
|---|------------------|
| 20-50 | معدن |
| 30-45 | نفت و گاز |
| 15-25 | تولید فلزات |
| 15-25 | لوازم برقی |
| 5-15 | تولیدی |
| 3-15 | فراوری |
| 3-5 | منسوجات و مونتاژ |

From Uptime

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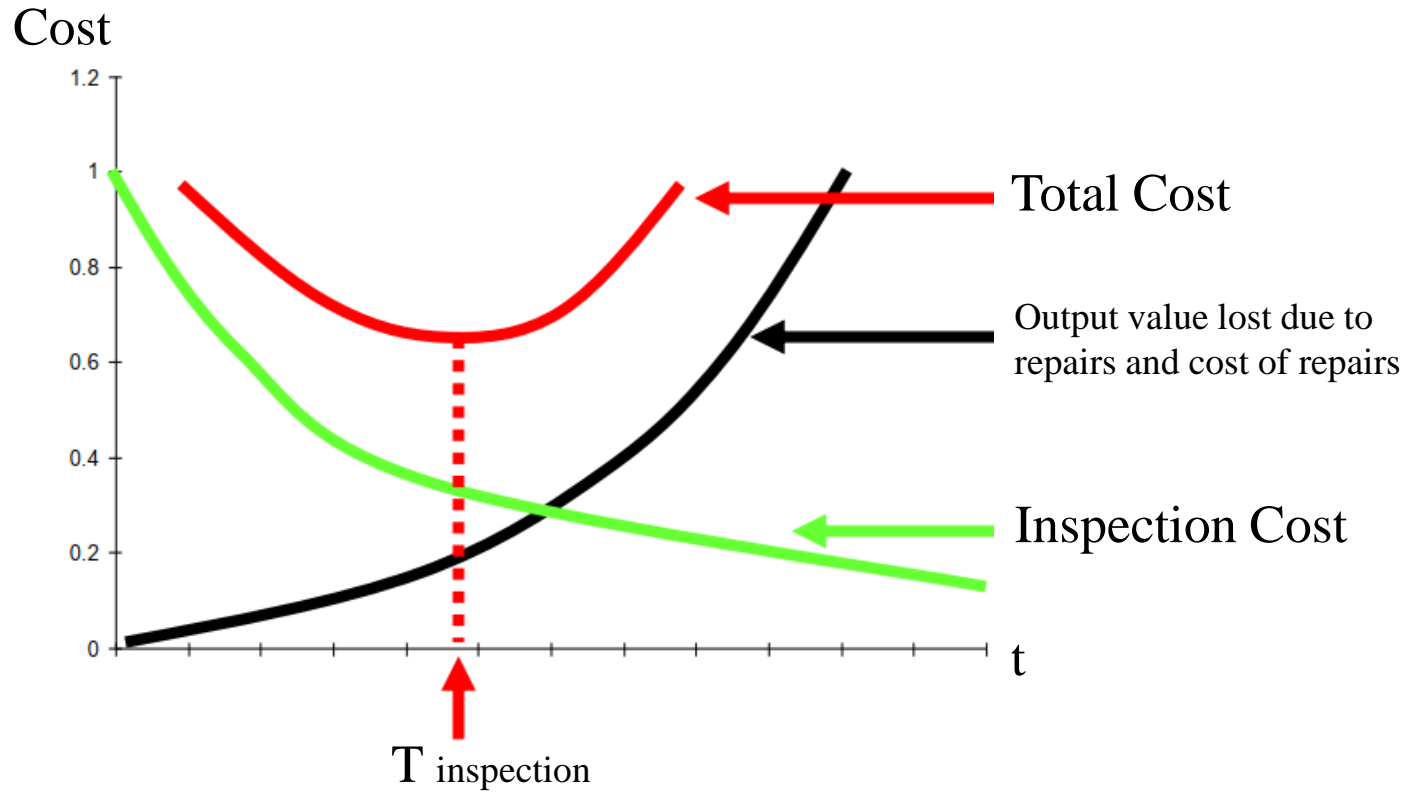
سه رویکرد تعیین زمان بازرسی

Time-Based

Condition-Based

Risk-Based

Time-Based Inspection



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Time-Based Inspection

- استاندارد API 570

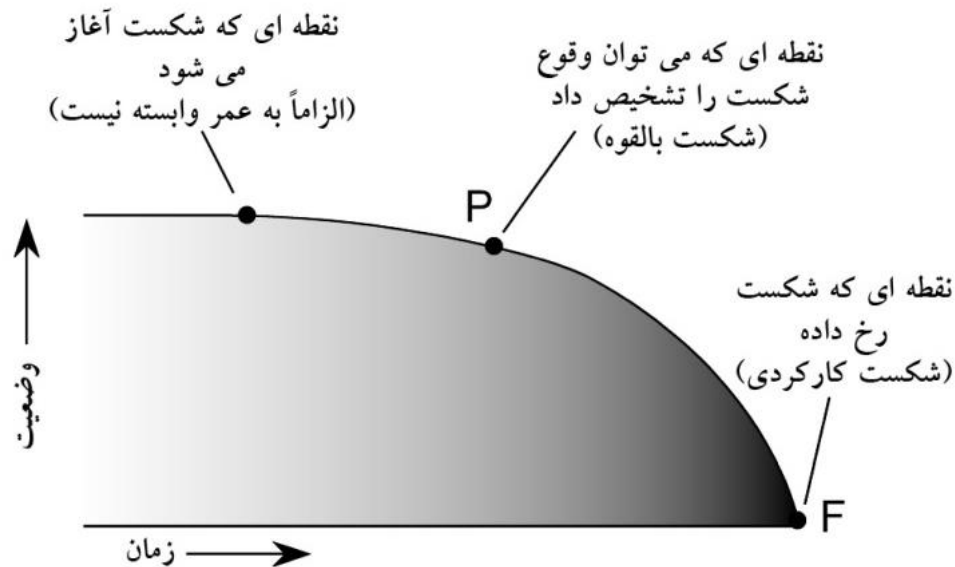
Table 1—Recommended Maximum Inspection Intervals

| Type of Circuit | Thickness Measurements | Visual External |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Class 1 | 5 years | 5 years |
| Class 2 | 10 years | 5 years |
| Class 3 | 10 years | 10 years |
| Class 4 | Optional | Optional |
| Injection points ^a | 3 years | By class |
| Soil to Air Interfaces ^b | — | By class |

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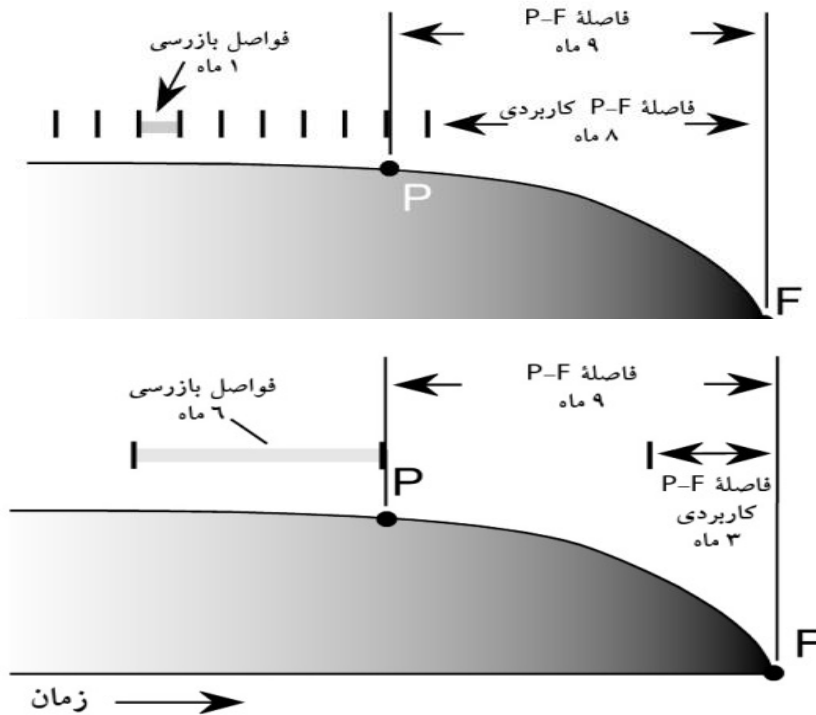
Condition-Based Inspection

- در زمانی که رخداد یک شکست آغاز می‌شود چه اتفاقاتی رخ می‌دهد؟



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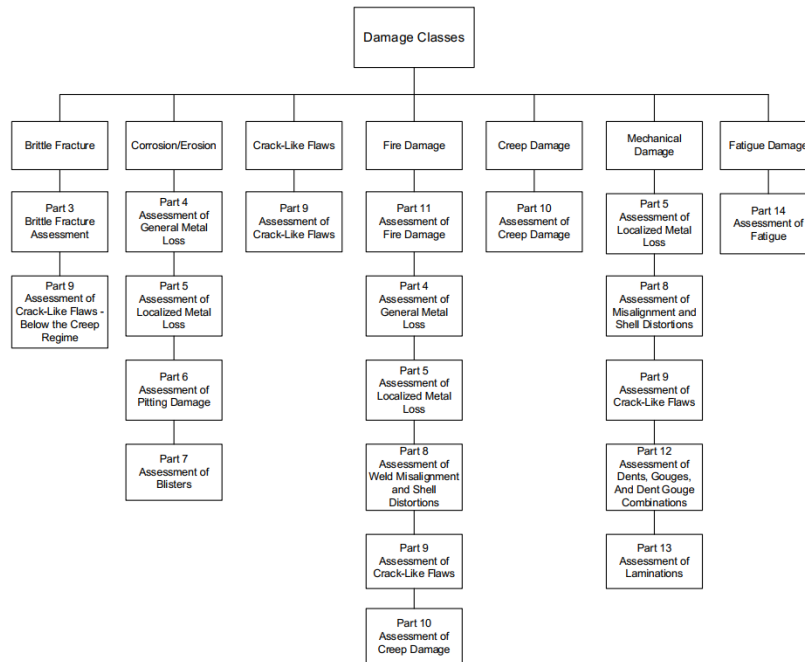
Condition-Based Inspection



- فاصله P-F
 - تغییر فاصله P-F
- برحسب روش CM مورد استفاده

Condition-Based Inspection

- ارزیابی مناسب بودن برای سرویس دهی
API 579/ASME FFS (Fitness for Service)



$$\text{Remaining life (years)} = \frac{t_{\text{actual}} - t_{\text{required}}}{\text{corrosion rate [inches (mm) per year]}}$$

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Risk-Based Inspection

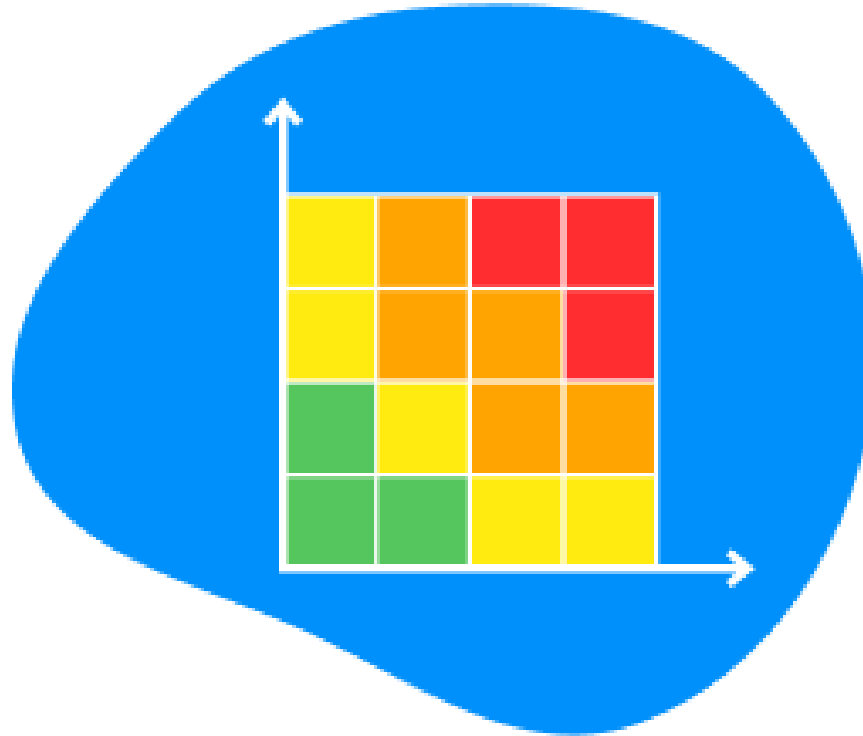
- بازرسی مبتنی بر ریسک (Risk Based Inspection)
- احتمال وقوع حادثه
- پیامدهای آن حادثه
- API580/581-DNV-RP-G101
- به سه روش کیفی (Qualitative) ، کمی (Quantitative) و نیمه کمی (Semi-Quantitative)



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Risk-Based Inspection

$$Risk = POF \times COF$$



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Risk-Based Inspection

| Damage Mechanisms | Descriptions |
|--|---|
| 1 Thining DF | Internal General or localized corrosion damages |
| 2 Component Lining DF | Damages to any internal Organic or Inorganic lining |
| 3 Stress Corrosion Cracking (SCC) DF- Caustic Cracking | Carbon or low Alloy steel exposed to caustic at any concentration |
| 4 Stress Corrosion Cracking (SCC) DF- Amine Cracking | Carbon or low Alloy steel exposed to lean Amine solutions |
| 5 Stress Corrosion Cracking (SCC) DF- Sulfide Stress Cracking (SSC) | carbon or low Alloy steel exposed to wet H2S environment at any concentration |
| 6 SCC DF—Hydrogen-induced Cracking and Stress-oriented Hydrogen-induced Cracking (HIC/SOHIC-H2S) | carbon or low Alloy steel exposed to wet H2S environment at any concentration |
| 7 SCC DF—Alkaline Carbonate Stress Corrosion Cracking (ACSCC) | carbon or low Alloy steel exposed to water at pH> 7.5 |
| 8 SCC DF—Polythionic Acid Stress Corrosion Cracking (PASCC) | Austenitic S.S or Ni-alloys exposed to Sulfur-bearing compounds |
| 9 SCC DF—Chloride Stress Corrosion Cracking (CISCC) | Austenitic S.S exposed to aqueous chloride solutions at 2.5<=pH<=10.5 |
| 10 SCC DF—Hydrogen Stress Cracking in Hydrofluoric Acid (HSC-HF) | carbon or low Alloy steel exposed to HF at any concentration |
| 11 SCC DF—Hydrogen-induced Cracking and Stress-oriented Hydrogen-induced Cracking (HIC/SOHIC-HF) | carbon or low Alloy steel exposed to HF at any concentration |

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Risk-Based Inspection

| | Damage Mechanisms | Descriptions |
|----|--|---|
| 12 | External Corrosion DF—Ferritic Component | Uninsulated Carbon or low alloy steels subjected to corrosive atmosphere |
| 13 | Corrosion Under Insulation (CUI) DF—Ferritic Component | insulated Carbon or low alloy steels subjected to corrosive atmosphere |
| 14 | External Chloride Stress Corrosion Cracking (ExtCISCC) DF—Austenitic Component | Uninsulated Austenitic S.S subjected to chloride containing medium |
| 15 | External CUI CISCC DF—Austenitic Component | Insulated Austenitic S.S subjected to chloride containing medium |
| 16 | High Temperature Hydrogen Attack (HTHA) DF | Carbon or C-Mo low alloy steel exposed to High pressure Hydrogen at high temperatures |
| 17 | Brittle Fracture DF | Carbon or low Alloy steels Operating at or Below MDMT or MAT |
| 18 | Low Alloy Steel Embrittlement Damage Factor | Low Alloy Cr-Mo containig steels operating between 343 and 577 C |
| 19 | 885 °F Embrittlement DF | High Cr Ferritic steels operating between 371 and 566 C |
| 20 | Sigma Phase Embrittlement DF | Austenitic S.S operating between 593 and 927 C |
| 21 | Piping Mechanical Fatigue DF | Piping exposed to vibration |

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Risk-Based Inspection



- Probability Of Failure
- $P_f(t) = gff \times F_{MS} \times D_f(t)$
 - Generic failure frequency
 - Management system factor
 - Damage factor
- Weibull Analysis for PRD and Tube bundle

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Risk-Based Inspection



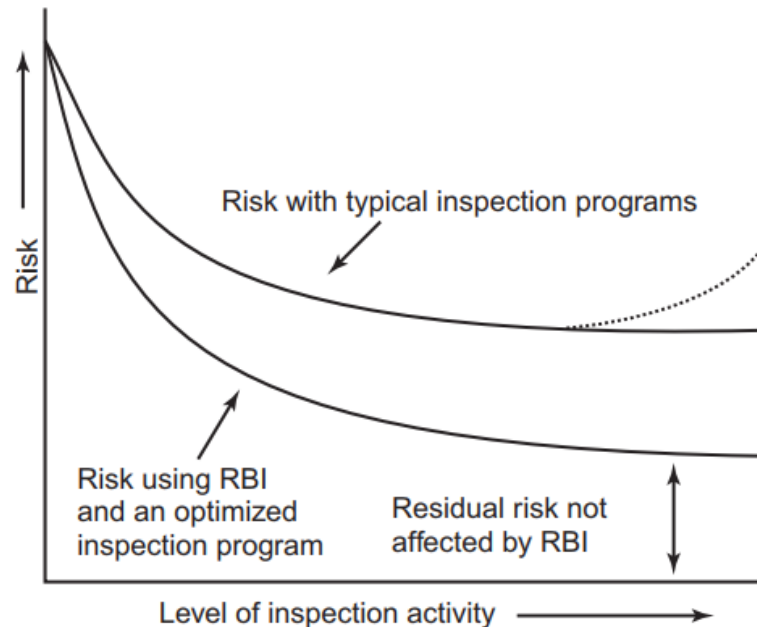
- Consequence Of Failure
 - Area Based Consequence
 - Financial Consequence
-
- Flammable
 - Toxic
 - Non-flammable Non-toxic



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Risk-Based Inspection

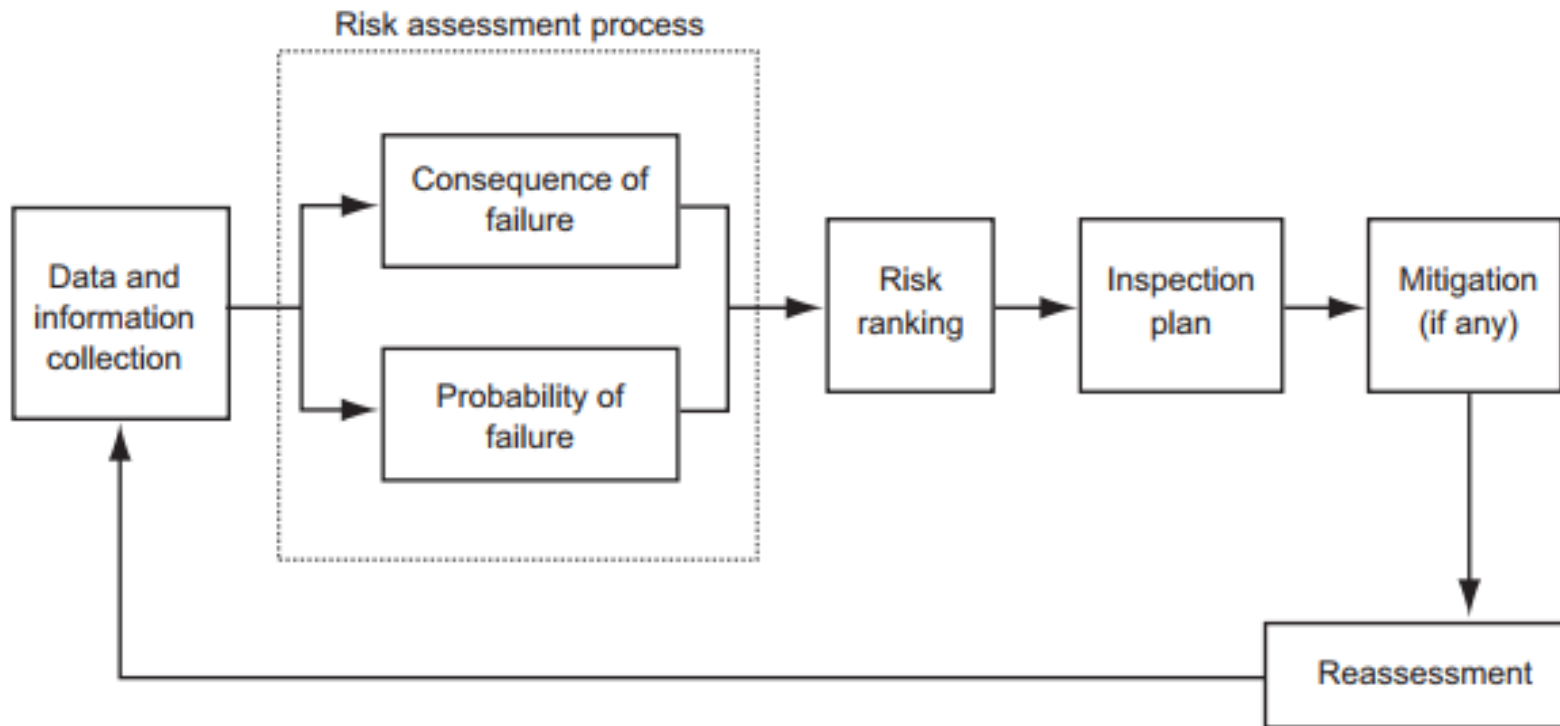
- نقش بازرسی مناسب در کاهش ریسک



From API 580/581

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Risk-Based Inspection



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Risk-Based Inspection

WHAT to inspect

WHEN to inspect

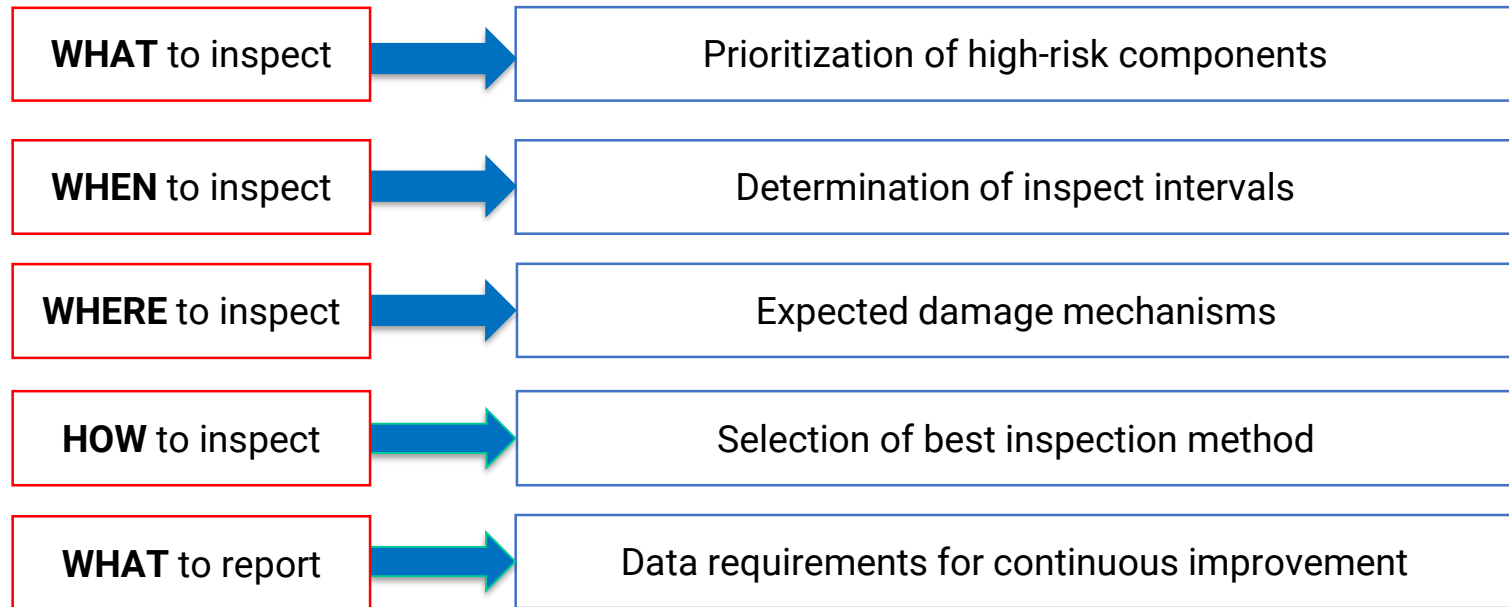
WHERE to inspect

HOW to inspect

WHAT to report

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Risk-Based Inspection



Risk-Based Inspection

| Category | Probability Category ^{a, b, c} | | Consequence Category ^d | |
|----------|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Probability Range | DF Range | Category | Range (ft ²) |
| 1 | $P_f(t, I_E) \leq 3.06E-05$ | $D_{f-total} \leq 1$ | A | $CA_f^{flam} \leq 100$ |
| 2 | $3.06E-05 < P_f(t, I_E) \leq 3.06E-04$ | $1 < D_{f-total} \leq 10$ | B | $100 < CA_f^{flam} \leq 1,000$ |
| 3 | $3.06E-04 < P_f(t, I_E) \leq 3.06E-03$ | $10 < D_{f-total} \leq 100$ | C | $1,000 < CA_f^{flam} \leq 10,000$ |
| 4 | $3.06E-03 < P_f(t, I_E) \leq 3.06E-02$ | $100 < D_{f-total} \leq 1,000$ | D | $10,000 < CA_f^{flam} \leq 100,000$ |
| 5 | $P_f(t, I_E) > 3.06E-02$ | $D_{f-total} > 1,000$ | E | $CA_f^{flam} > 100,000$ |

From API 581

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Risk-Based Inspection

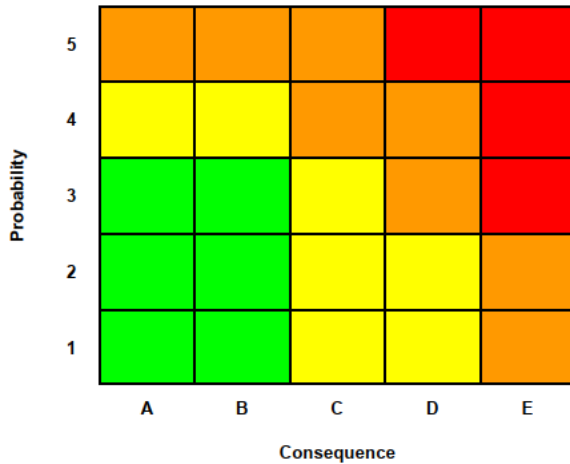
| Category | Probability Category ^{a, b, c} | | Consequence Category ^d | |
|----------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| | Probability Range | DF Range | Category | Range (\$) |
| 1 | $P_f(t, I_E) \leq 3.06E-05$ | $D_{f-total} \leq 1$ | A | $CA_f^{fm} \leq 10,000$ |
| 2 | $3.06E-05 < P_f(t, I_E) \leq 3.06E-04$ | $1 < D_{f-total} \leq 10$ | B | $10,000 < CA_f^{fm} \leq 100,000$ |
| 3 | $3.06E-04 < P_f(t, I_E) \leq 3.06E-03$ | $10 < D_{f-total} \leq 100$ | C | $100,000 < CA_f^{fm} \leq 1,000,000$ |
| 4 | $3.06E-03 < P_f(t, I_E) \leq 3.06E-02$ | $100 < D_{f-total} \leq 1000$ | D | $1,000,000 < CA_f^{fm} \leq 10,000,000$ |
| 5 | $P_f(t, I_E) > 3.06E-02$ | $D_{f-total} > 1000$ | E | $CA_f^{fm} > 10,000,000$ |

From API 581

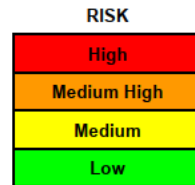
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Risk-Based Inspection

Risk Matrix and Risk Target



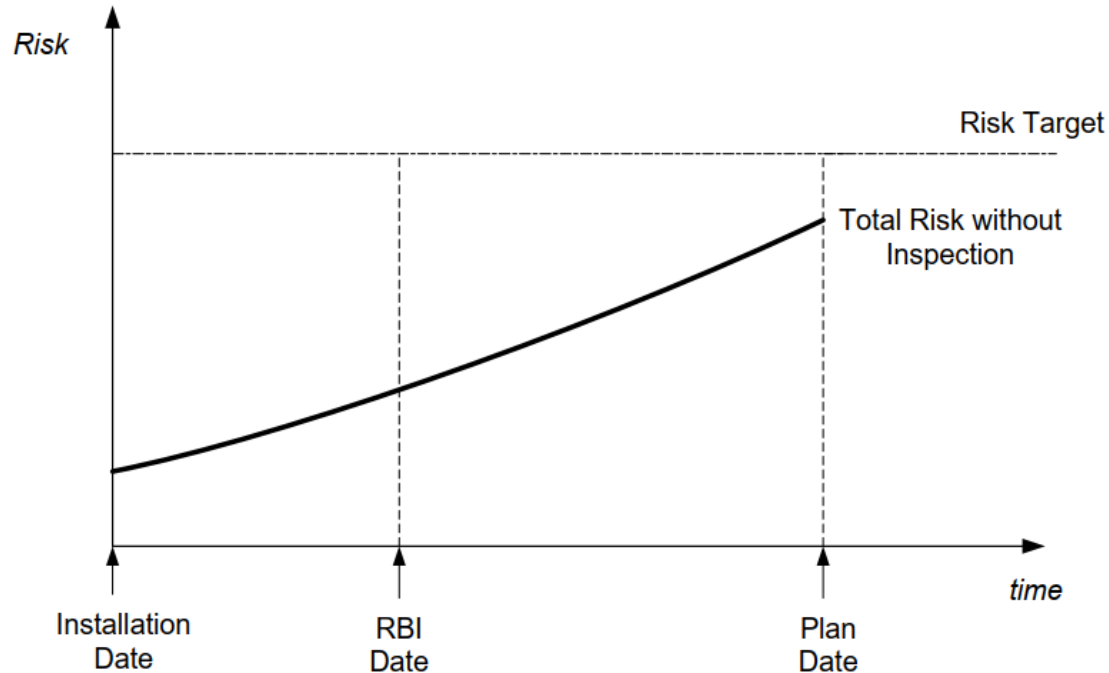
Consequence
API 581



| PoF Ranking | PoF Description | A | B | C | D | E |
|-------------|--|-----------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| 5 | (1) In a small population, one or more failures can be expected annually. (2) Failure has occurred several times a year in the location. | YELLOW | RED | RED | RED | RED |
| 4 | (1) In a large population, one or more failures can be expected annually. (2) Failure has occurred several times a year in operating company. | YELLOW | YELLOW | RED | RED | RED |
| 3 | (1) Several failures may occur during the life of the installation for a system comprising a small number of components. (2) Failure has occurred in the operating company. | GREEN | YELLOW | YELLOW | RED | RED |
| 2 | (1) Several failures may occur during the life of the installation for a system comprising a large number of components. (2) Failure has occurred in industry. | GREEN | GREEN | YELLOW | YELLOW | RED |
| 1 | (1) Several failures may occur during the life of the installation for a system comprising a large number of components. (2) Failure has occurred in industry. | GREEN | GREEN | GREEN | YELLOW | YELLOW |
| CoF Types | Safety | No Injury | Minor Injury Absence < 2 days | Major Injury Absence > 2 days | Single Fatality | Multiple Fatalities |
| | Environment | No pollution | Minor local effect. Can be cleaned up easily. | Significant local effect. Will take more than 1 man week to remove. | Pollution has significant effect upon the surrounding ecosystem (e.g. population of birds or fish). | Pollution that can cause massive and irreparable damage to ecosystem. |
| | Business | No downtime or asset damage | < € 10,000 damage or downtime < one shift | < € 100,000 damage or downtime < 4 shifts | < € 1,000,000 damage or downtime < one month | < € 10,000,000 damage or downtime one year |
| CoF Ranking | | A | B | C | D | E |

DNVGL-
RP-G101

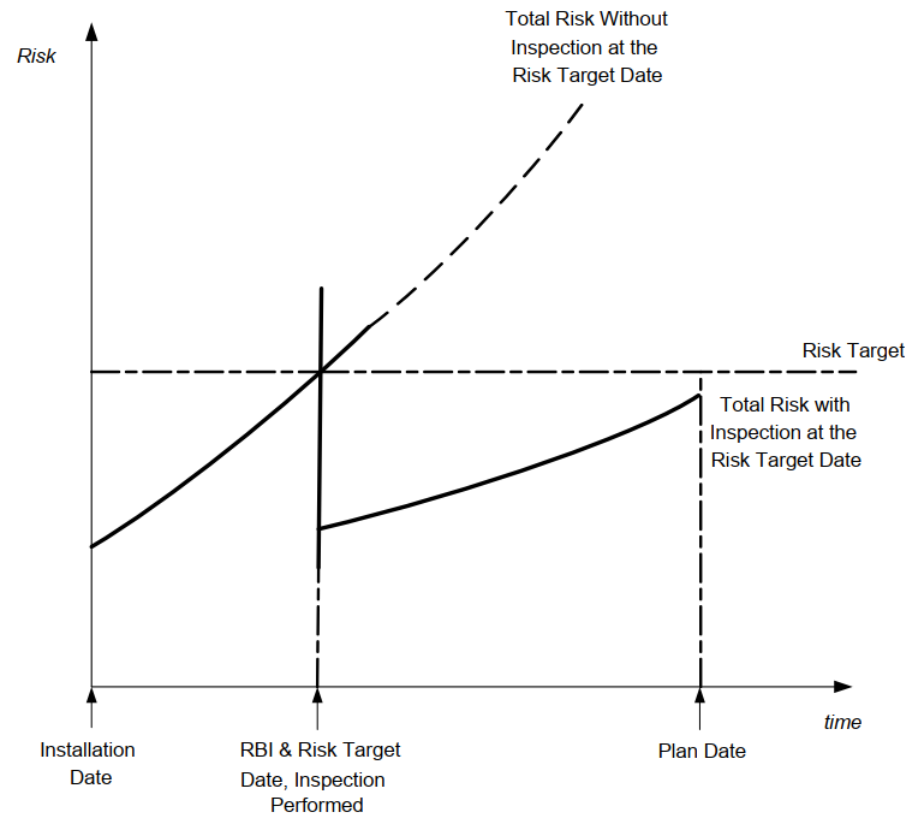
Risk-Based Inspection



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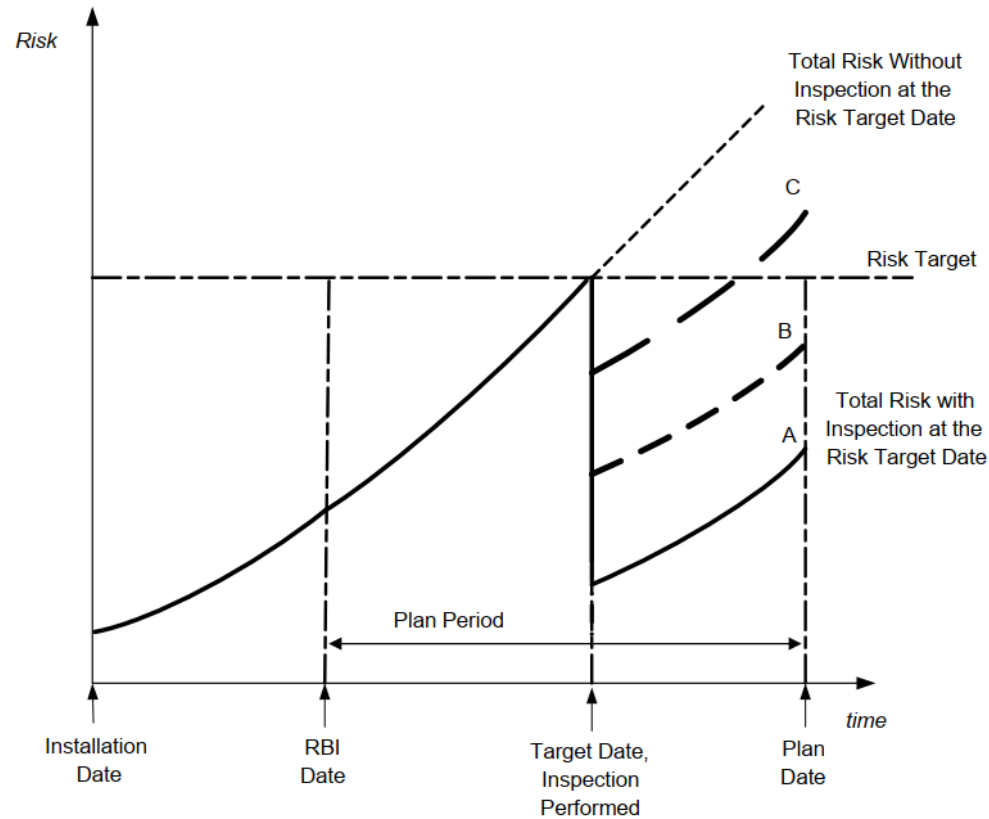
Risk-Based Inspection



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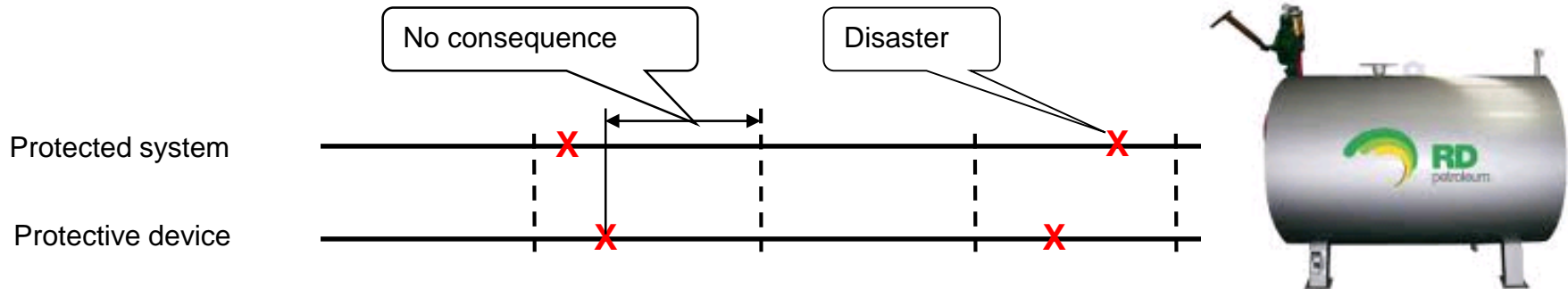


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Risk-Based Inspection

- Multiple Failure: Hidden failure of a protective device does not have any consequence until a failure of the protected function (system) occurs.



$$FFI = \frac{2 \times M_{TIVE} \times M_{TED}}{M_{MF}}$$

سه رویکرد تعیین زمان بازرسی براساس اولویت

Risk-Based

Condition-Based

Time-Based

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